A HANDBOOK



To all the dreamers and thinkers of the last few decades, who have grown up to consciously take less and give more to our shared home.

With thanks to Corinne Lucas

First published in Great Britain in 2023 by Wren & Rook

Foreword copyright © 2023 HRH The Prince of Wales Text copyright © 2023 Colin Butfield and Jonnie Hughes Illustrations copyright © 2023 Cristina Guitian All rights reserved.

The right of Colin Butfield and Jonnie Hughes and Cristina Guitian to be identified as the authors and illustrator respectively of this Work has been asserted by them in accordance with the Copyright, Designs & Patents Act 1988.

ISBN: 978 1 5263 6469 2

13579108642



Wren & Rook An imprint of Hachette Children's Group Part of Hodder & Stoughton Carmelite House 50 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0DZ

An Hachette UK Company www.hachette.co.uk www.hachettechildrens.co.uk

Printed and bound in Great Britain by Clays Ltd, Elcograf S.p.A.

The website addresses (URLs) included in this book were valid at the time of going to press. However, it is possible that contents or addresses may have changed since the publication of this book. No responsibility for any such changes can be accepted by either the author or the publisher.

CHAPTER THREE CLEAN OUR AIR EARTHSHOT





I was born in 1970, a year after the Apollo II Moon landing, and I think it was fate that I grew up wanting to be an astronaut. When I was little, I lived near Tokyo in Japan and visited the planetarium with my parents and older brother so I could learn more about the stars. But it was always very difficult to see them at night in the city. Then, when I was five years old, we moved to Hokkaido, a northern island in Japan. There was no light pollution there, and I was able to see stars in the night sky for the first time.

At school we learned that human beings are made of almost exactly the same things as stars and planets: oxygen, hydrogen and nitrogen. We humans are siblings of these stars and the planets, and part of the same universe.

Before I became an astronaut, I always thought space was the most incredible place. But when I first saw our home planet through the windows of the Space Shuttle, I suddenly thought, Oh, maybe it's the Earth that's the special place. I could see the shining blue of the ocean and the clouds moving. I felt like it was alive, and it was more beautiful than I had imagined.

1.

From space I could also literally see the air we breathe

- a delicate thin blue line of atmosphere - and in that
moment I realised how precious our atmosphere is.

Whether you're in space or on Earth, air is a limited
resource. Against the vastness of space it's just this
paper-thin atmosphere that separates us from an airless
world. So we are very lucky.

But from a distance you can also clearly see the damage that humanity has brought on our home. You can see forest fires, deforestation, impure water and air pollution over industrial areas.

The ground feels so steady under our feet, but when you look from the outside you can see how fragile our planet really is. But if we have the determination and skills to carry people like me into space, then we can certainly clean our air too.

A thing about astronauts is, we are all rivals; everyone wants to go to space first. But another thing we know is that we must support each other, not only to further space exploration, but for a purely practical







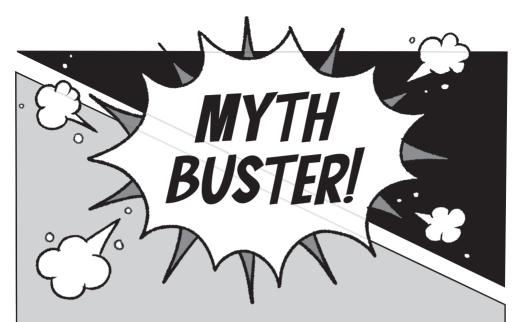
reason – to survive. In the Space Station, if the air was contaminated or full of chemicals, it would be a disaster, and we would all have to do everything in our power to clean it because our lives depended on it. We know today that the air on our planet is polluted, so we need to act with the same urgency to clean it – our lives depend on it.

Our planet is our spacecraft, and we are all members of its crew. If we unite our strengths and share our information, we can defeat our global challenges. Just imagine the future we could have if we choose to do so – a world with clean, safe air, where every child can see stars.

Naoko Yamazaki, 2023







Saying which countries are most to 'blame' for air pollution is a bit of a tricky subject. Yes, it is true that countries such as China and India produce a large amount of today's air pollution. But it's not really true (or fair) to say that they are the ones responsible for the state of the air we all breathe. To start with, these nations have A LOT of people in them - added together there are almost three billion people in China and India. That's close to half of the global population.

THE BIG AIR POLLUTERS ARE COUNTRIES WITH LOADS OF HUGE FACTORIES. LIKE CHINA AND INDIA.

So when you look at the amount of air pollution they create per person, it's actually lower than many smaller nations. Then we have to look at why they're creating so much pollution. Often countries in Europe and North America ask other nations to make products for them, because it is cheaper. So if a factory in India is making lots of products for the UK, for example, then who is of people responsible for the air pollution? would say the

North America have produced IT'S A far more air pollution over the last two hundred years than Asia. They just went through their industrial revolutions earlier than most Asian countries. So no, it's not true or fair to only blame air pollution on the biggest polluters today. Whilst air pollution has the biggest impact on those nearby, once it enters the skies there are no barriers to stop it from reaching the lungs of all the people on Earth. Air pollution is everyone's problem and responsibility, so we all must work hard to reduce it, and to do so now.

A lot

UK. There's even

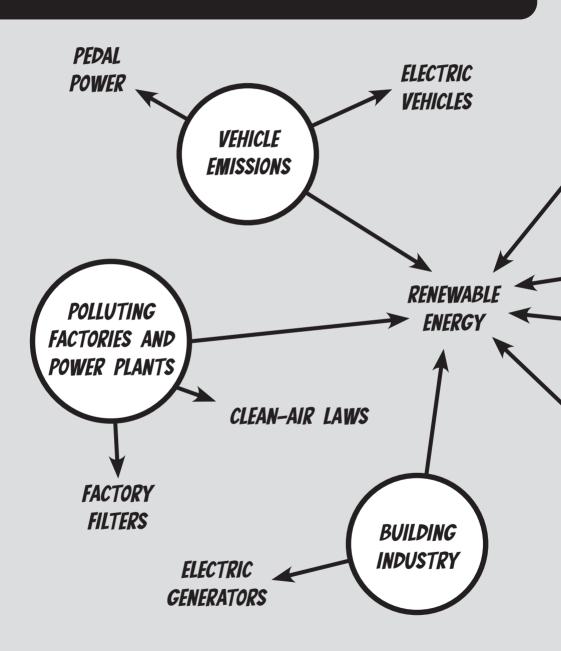
a name for this:

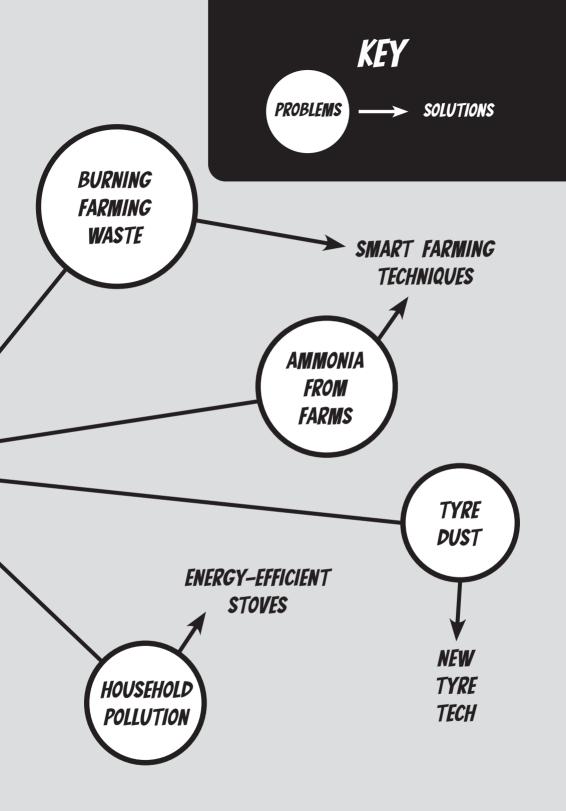
it's called 'offshoring'.

Lastly, if we take a look

at our history, Europe and

PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS





CLEAN OUR AIR EARTHSHOT 2022 WINNER



MUKURU CLEAN STOVES

We've seen ways that nature can bounce back and recover when times get hard. But it's not just nature that's tough; humans are too. And people like Charlot Magayi are beacons of hope, lighting the way to a greener future. The way she turned her personal hardship into positive action makes her a deserving Clean Our Air Earthshot 2022 winner.

Charlot's journey to the Earthshot stage has not been a smooth one. Raised in Mukuru, one of the largest slums in Nairobi, Kenya, she was orphaned by the age of ten and became a mum by sixteen.

Forced to leave school and make money to raise her daughter,

Charlot started selling charcoal around the slum. She used this same charcoal to heat the stove to cook her daughter's meals. But when Charlot's daughter

was just two years old, she accidently knocked over the stove, badly burning herself and changing Charlot's life forever.

It was an incredibly scary time, but once her daughter had recovered and she'd saved up tuition money, Charlot went back to school, determined. She wanted to make sure this sort of accident didn't happen again, so she set out to build a sturdier stove. But Charlot soon discovered that the dangers of these stoves go far beyond burns.

Traditional open-flame stoves, like the ones used by Charlot, are not just used by millions across Kenya, but they're how **BILLIONS** of people around the world cook food for their families. Solid fuels, such as charcoal and wood, are burned to heat the stove, but the flames release harmful smoke into people's homes. This household pollution is incredibly toxic and can lead to breathing problems, strokes, heart diseases and lung cancer. It's tragically killing millions of people every year and impacting the health of billions more. And once it drifts outside of the home, the smoke knows no borders and affects us all because carbon dioxide is released during the burning process. The simple and nourishing act of cooking, when done this way, becomes an unhealthy and harmful one.

Once she realised this, Charlot's mission evolved. Using **locally** available waste metal, she designed a stable stove that uses half the amount of fuel than traditionally needed. It can also be heated with alternative fuels, which are far less polluting, having an impact on people's health and the environment from day one. Aware that the solution was no good if people couldn't afford it, Charlot's stoves are **cheaper** than traditional ones too, costing \$10. And because they need less fuel, they're **less expensive** to run. Because of Charlot turning her personal suffering into a community solution, over two hundred thousand people in Kenya are now using her Mukuru Clean Stoves, breathing cleaner air, reducing pollution and saving money. The benefit of the stoves doesn't end there though. Because less fuel is needed, it



doesn't take as long for the girls and women who typically collect it to gather. Young girls can use this extra time to focus on their education, improving their health and future all at once.

As a result of winning the prize, Charlot is expanding her business. She's building a second factory and developing even better stoves. And as a female business owner, she is passionate about **empowering women**, which is why she employs a mostly female staff. **Her impact is huge.** Charlot's new goal is to reach **one million customers** by 2025, and **ten million people** across Africa by 2032. Thanks to people like Charlot, we're one step closer to removing household air pollution and cleaning our air.

THE GOOD NEWS CLEAN OUR AIR

127

Water is vital to our survival, and it's part of the reason why Earth is the only planet (we know of) that supports life. But there's something else that keeps Earth from being just another rocky planet in the solar system.

The atmosphere. This delicate, thin blue line circling our planet is our lifeline among the stars. We might not be able to see the air we breathe (**most of the time**), but this invisible protector needs our help. From the buildings along our skylines and cars on the road, to the farms producing our food and the stoves in our kitchens, every day we are polluting the air we breathe, harming all life across the planet. **But history shows us that humans are superstars too.**

We can come together to breathe a little easier, just like when the world united to protect the ozone layer (see page 26).

So let's all be superstars and save our air, not only for ourselves, but for future generations to come.